



PARTNERSHIP FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING IN EUROPE

# OpenMP - Programming and execution model

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## OpenMP – Exercise 1

- ▶ Goal: To write an OpenMP program which outputs „Hello world from thread 1-N“ by each MP process (help yourself with OpenMP runtime functions)
- ▶ Instructions:
  - ▶ Open `e1.c` file.
  - ▶ Include `omp` header file in the beginning of the file (should be above main function)
  - ▶ Define parallel region with `pragma`
  - ▶ Use `printf` function to print “Hello World from thread `n` of `N`”, where `n` is the ID number of thread and `N` is the number of all threads. Use runtime function that returns the ID of each thread.
  - ▶ Compile and run it in serial on a single processor (is there an error?)
  - ▶ Run it on several processors in parallel by using environment variable `export OMP_NUM_THREADS=n`
- ▶ Expected result:
  - ▶ The code outputs “Hello World from thread 1 of `N`” for each thread.



## OpenMP – Clauses and directives format

### ▣ Directive format

#### ▣ Format:

```
#pragma omp directive_name [clause[clause]...]
```

#### ▣ Conditionals:

```
#ifdef _OPENMP
```

block of code to be executed if code was compiled with OpenMP, for example

```
printf("Number of threads: %d", omp_get_num_threads);
```

```
#else
```

block of code to be executed if code was compiled without OpenMP

```
#endif
```

# OpenMP – Clauses and directives format

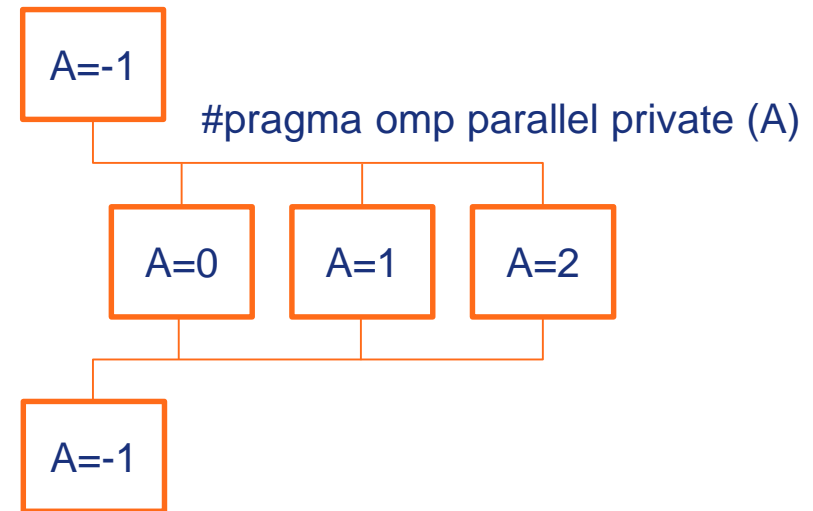
## ▣ Clauses

▣ In C/C++ clauses can be:

- ▣ **private** (list) – in this case the variable is private to each thread
- ▣ **shared** (list) – in this case the variable is shared between threads

▣ C/C++:

```
int A;
#pragma omp parallel private(A)
{
A=omp_get_thread_num();
...
}
```





## OpenMP – Exercise 2

- ▶ Goal: To use if/else clauses
- ▶ Instructions
  - ▶ Open file `e2.c` and move to comment `/* Begin of SPACE for second exercise */` and add an `if` clause if `omp` is used. Inside add a parallel region that prints the ID of each thread (with `omp_get_thread_num()`) and the number of all threads (with `omp_get_num_threads()`).
  - ▶ Compile and run on 4 CPUs and then on 12 CPUs. Observe output.
  - ▶ Add an `else` clause if program is not compiled with OpenMP. Add a print statement that says: „The program is not compiled with OpenMP“. Compile the program without OpenMP and run it. Observe the output.



## OpenMP – Exercise 2

- ▶ Define a new variable and assign `omp_get_thread_num()` to it
- ▶ Add a `private` clause to `omp parallel` directive for the variable associated with `omp_get_thread_num()` and observe the difference in the output.
- ▶ Check if you get race condition:
  - ▶ Two threads access the same shared variable and at least one thread modifies the variable and the accesses are unsynchronized
  - ▶ Outcome of the program depends on timing of the threads in the team
  - ▶ This is caused by unintended shared of data

```
thread 0 of 4
thread 0 of 4
thread 0 of 4
thread 0 of 4
```

Don't worry if you always get correct output, because the compiler may use a private register on each thread instead of writing into shared memory



## OpenMP – Exercise 2

- ▣ Expected output:
  - ▣ If compiled with OpenMP, the program should output and ID of each thread and number of all threads
  - ▣ If not compiled with OpenMP, the program should output “The program was not compiled with OpenMP“



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