



PARTNERSHIP FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING IN EUROPE

# OpenMP - Worksharing directives

---

Matic Brank

*LECAD laboratory, FS UL*



## OpenMP – Exercise shared vs. private

- ▶ Goal: To see difference between private and shared variable.
- ▶ Instructions:
  - ▶ Open file `exercise_shared_vs_private.c`
  - ▶ Follow the instruction on the comments:
    - ▶ After variable `int thr_num`, set number of used threads to 4
    - ▶ Define a new variable named `list_of_thread_ids`
    - ▶ Initialize all 4 elements in the array to 0
    - ▶ For parallel pragma, define private variables `thr_num` and `list_of_thread_ids`
    - ▶ Inside parallel pragma, get ID number of each thread and assign it to `thr_num`
  - ▶ Run the code:
    - ▶ What is the output?
    - ▶ What are the elements inside `list_of_thread_ids` after execution of parallel pragma?
  - ▶ Modify line `#pragma omp parallel...` and change the type of `list_of_thread_ids` from private to shared



## OpenMP – Exercise shared vs. private

- ▣ What is the new output?
- ▣ What is the difference between `list_of_thread_ids` being private or shared?

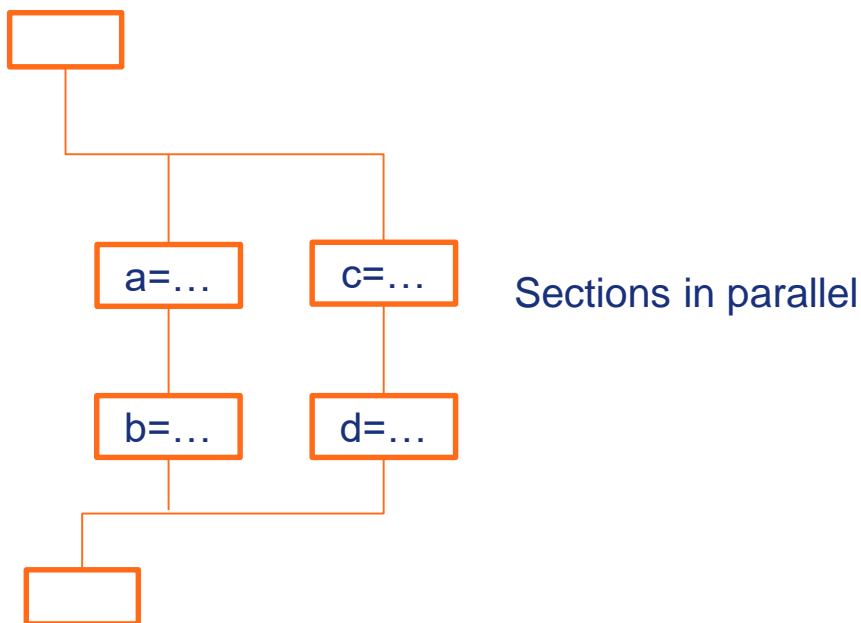


## OpenMP – Worksharing constructs

- ▶ They divide the execution of code region among the members of the team
- ▶ Constructs do not launch new threads
- ▶ They are enclosed dynamically within the parallel region
- ▶ Examples:
  - `sections`
  - `for`
  - `task`
  - `single`
- ▶ No barrier defined on entry

## OpenMP – Sections construct

- When using `sections` construct, multiple blocks of code are executed in parallel



- C/C++:

```
#pragma omp parallel
{
  #pragma omp sections
  {{a=...; b=...;}}
  #pragma omp section
  {
    c=...;
    d=...;
  }
} // end of sections
} // end of parallel
```



## OpenMP – For construct

- ▶ C/C++:

```
#pragma omp for [clause[[,]clause]...]
```

- ▶ Corresponding for loop must have a *canonical* shape, where an iterator (*i*) must not be modified in the loop body:

```
for (int i=it; i<M; i++)
```

- ▶ Clauses:

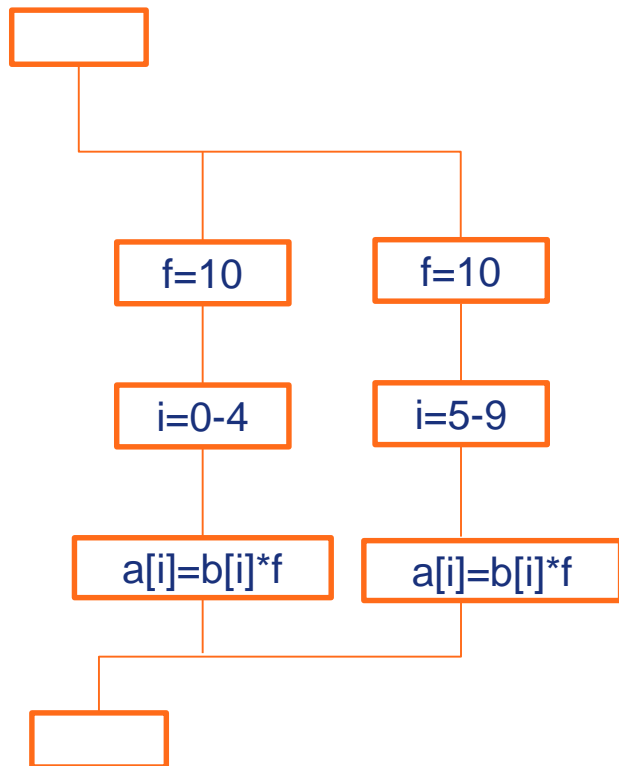
- ▶ `private (list)`

- ▶ `schedule` -> classifies how the iterations of loops are divided among the threads

- ▶ `collapse (n)` -> the iterations of n loops are collapsed into one larger iteration space

## OpenMP – For construct

- Private variable `f` is fixed in each thread, list `a` is updated in parallel.



- C/C++:

```
#pragma omp parallel private(f)
{
f=10;
#pragma omp for
for (i=0; i<10; i++)
a[i] = b[i]*f;
} /* omp end parallel */
```



## OpenMP – Synchronisation

### ▣ Implicit barrier

- ▣ It represents a barrier for beginning and end of parallel constructs, as well as all other control constructs
- ▣ Implicit synchronization can be removed with `nowait` clause

### ▣ Explicit barrier

- ▣ Can be achieved by using `critical` clause
- ▣ Code, enclosed in `critical` clause is executed by all threads, but is restricted to only one thread at the time

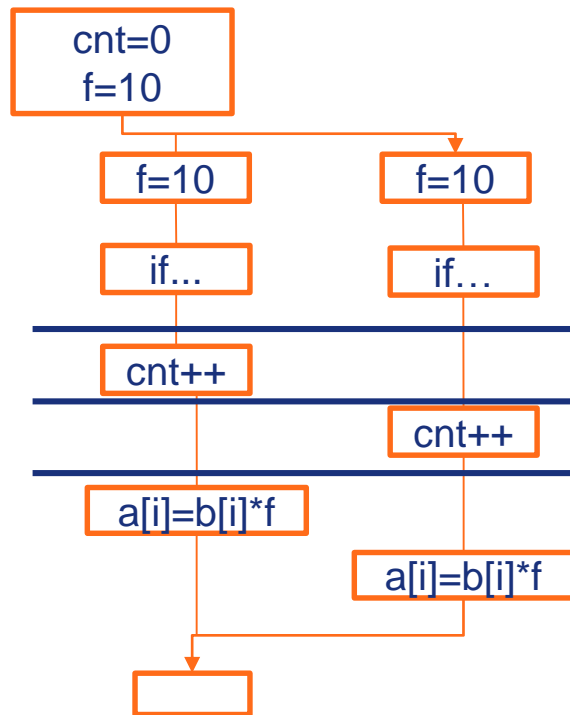
- ▣ `critical` clause in C/C++:

```
#pragma omp critical [(name)]
```



## OpenMP – Synchronisation - critical clause

- Private variable `f` is fixed in each thread, list `a` is updated in parallel.



Due to critical clause only one thread at a time is executed for `cnt` variable

- C/C++:
 

```

cnt = 0;
f=10;
#pragma omp parallel
{
#pragma omp for
  for (i=0; i<10; i++) {
    if (b[i] == 0) {
      #pragma omp critical
        cnt ++;
    } /* endif */
    a[i] = b[i]*f;
  } /* end for */
} /*omp end parallel */
      
```



## OpenMP – Exercise 3

- ▶ Goal: To use a worksharing construct `for` and `critical` directive. To use runtime library calls, conditional compilations, environment variables and parallel regions by calculating pi constant.
- ▶ Explanation of algorithm in script `e3.c`

- ▶ Value  $\pi$  is calculated by solving integral

- ▶ 
$$\pi = \int_0^1 \frac{4}{1+x^2} dx$$

- ▶ Integral is solved by Riemann sum

- ▶ 
$$\pi = 4 \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f\left(x_i + \frac{w}{2}\right) w$$



## OpenMP – Exercise 3

### ▣ Instructions

- ▣ Compile file `e3.c` and run it. What is the output. Is the value of pi correct?
- ▣ Open file `e3.c` and move to `/* Begin of SPACE for third exercise */`.
- ▣ Add parallel region and parallel `for` directive in `e3.c` and compile it
- ▣ Set environment variable `OMP_NUM_THREADS` to 2 and run the file.
  - ▣ The result is wrong
- ▣ Set environment variable `OMP_NUM_THREADS` to 12 and run again
  - ▣ The result is wrong
- ▣ Add private (x) clause in `e3.c` and compile
- ▣ Set environment variable `OMP_NUM_THREADS` to 2 and run
  - ▣ Should be still incorrect



## OpenMP – Exercise 3

- ▶ Set environment variable `OMP_NUM_THREADS` to 12 and run
  - ▶ Still incorrect
- ▶ Set environment variable `OMP_NUM_THREADS` to 2 and add `critical` directive in `e2.c` before the `sum` variable in `for` loop and compile again
  - ▶ What is the value of pi? (should be correct)
  - ▶ What is the CPU time?
- ▶ Set environment variable `OMP_NUM_THREADS` to 12 and run
  - ▶ What is the CPU time? (it should take longer)
- ▶ How to optimize the code? Try to modify the code and move the `critical` directive outside `for` loop to decrease computational time.



PARTNERSHIP FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING IN EUROPE

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION**

[www.prace-ri.eu](http://www.prace-ri.eu)